

HPV Vaccine is Cancer PREVENTION

Every year more than 33,000 Americans get cancer caused by HPV infection.

HPV vaccine is recommended for girls and boys starting at age 9, in order to provide the best protection against HPV infection and HPV cancers.

Don't wait, get your child vaccinated.

Learn more at:

Prevent Cancer with the HPV Vaccine

HPV VACCINE FOR YOUR CHILD





Know more about the HPV Vaccine

WHAT DOES THE HPV VACCINE PREVENT?

The HPV vaccine can prevent some cancers of the mouth, throat, sex organs and cervix that are caused by the HPV virus. It also provides genital warts caused by this common virus.

WHO SHOULD GET THE HPV VACCINE?

Starting at age 9, both boys and girls should get the vaccine to prevent cancer. This vaccine will help prevent infection from the HPV viruses that cause genital warts, as well as cancers of the mouth and throat, penis and anus.

WHEN SHOULD MY CHILD GET THE HPV VACCINE?

The number of doses of HPV vaccine depends on when a child gets their first dose.

Children who start their vaccine series at age 9 through 14 years get two doses of the vaccine.

- Dose 1 (age 9-14 years)
- Dose 2 (at least 6 months after Dose 1)

Children who start their vaccine series at age 15 years and older need to get three doses of the vaccine.

- Dose 1 (age 15+ years)
- Dose 2 (1-2 months after Dose 1)
- Dose 3 (At least 6 months after Dose 1)

About 14 million people, including teens, become infected with human papilloma virus (HPV) each year.

WHERE CAN MY CHILD GET VACCINATED?

Your child can get the HPV vaccine at any community pharmacy or from your child's primary care provider.

To find a location near you visit,

IS THE HPV VACCINE SAFE?

All vaccines used in the U.S. are well-tested for safety before they are approved and licensed by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Once in use, they are regularly checked to make sure they are safe and effective.

The HPV Vaccine is approved by the FDA and is recommended by the CDC to prevent HPV infections and HPV-related cancers. The vaccine was tested to make sure it was safe, both before and after the vaccine was licensed in 2006. Since then, no safety concerns have been found in the large studies. The CDC and FDA have looked at the study information for the vaccine and have declared it safe.

The HPV vaccine is made from a single protein from the HPV virus that is not infectious or carcinogenic. This means it cannot cause HPV infection or cancer; it prevents them.

Statistics and recommendations updated from the Center of Disease Control and Prevention in 2016